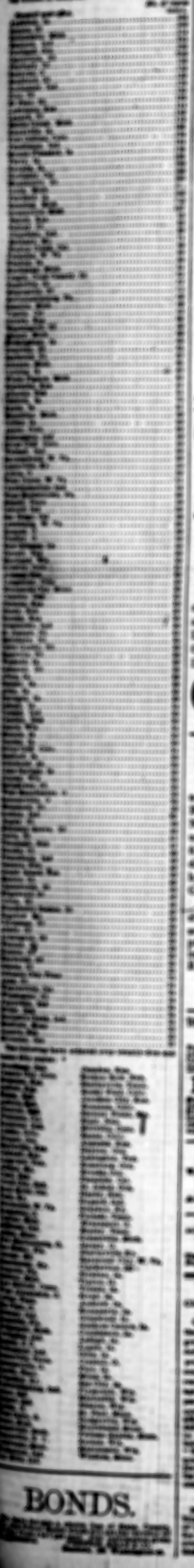
The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLIV. WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1884—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE CAMPAIGN TRIBUNE.

Important to Advertisers.

Circulation Now Exceeds 60,000, and Rapidly Increasing.



HARVEYS

HAVE DECIDED TO

CONTINUE

THEIR

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING SALES

This Our 63d.

We will give on all Cash Clothing Sales

20 Per Cent Discount

UNTIL

August 1st only.

HARVEY,

81 & 86 State-st.

Country Orders Solicited.

COUTANT'S,

145 State-st.

July Clearing Sale

OF

Ladies' Muslin Underwear.

Sweeping Reductions. Every Garment marked down. Every Garment a bargain. Gowns, Chemises, Skirts, Drawers, Corset Covers, Misses' and Children's Goods. Sale all the week. Infants' Caps marked way down.

COUTANT'S,

145 State-st.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately existing between E. W. Blatchford, Caleb F. Gates, and Nathaniel H. Blatchford, of Chicago, under the firm name of E. W. Blatchford & Co., was dissolved on the 7th day of July, 1884, by mutual consent, by the retirement of said Caleb F. Gates from said firm.

All debts due to the said partnership and those due by them will be settled with and by the remaining partners, who will continue the business under the firm name of E. W. BLATCHFORD & CO.

E. W. BLATCHFORD,
C. F. GATES,
N. H. BLATCHFORD.

WE TO GET A GOOD HOUSE IN CITY, AT THE ROYAL RESTAURANT, 19 and 21 Randolph.

Partner Wanted.

WAUKESHA

10 Gallons for $1.00.

"JENNIE JUNE"

SEWING MACHINE.

BONDS.

RATIFICATION.

A Monster Meeting in New York City Indorses the Democratic Ticket.

Immense Enthusiasm of the Vast Assemblage—Rivers' Speech—Ringing Resolutions.

The Campaign in Massachusetts Inaugurated by a Rousing Republican Meeting at Boston.

NEW YORK CITY.

THE CAMPAIGN.

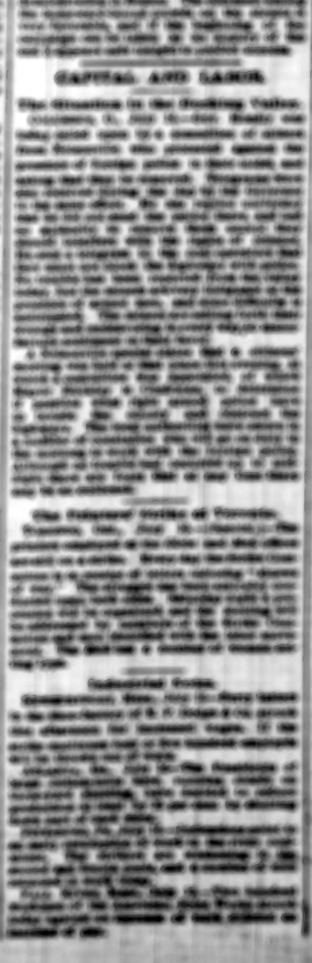
Mr. Hoxie's Letter of Acceptance to Be Given to the Public Friday.

William Pinnell, the Leading Democratic Editor of Baltimore, Inquisitive Cleveland.

Enthusiastic Demonstration of McDonald at Chicago—Many Democrats Pass the Republican Ranks.

AT ANNAPOLIS.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.



BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Suspension of the Indianapolis Banking House of Fletcher & Sharpe.

Their Liabilities Estimated at $1,500,000 and Their Assets at $2,000,000, Largely Real Estate.

$1 Tolerse to New York—Position Secured, of Erie, Again Arrested—Regular Assignment.

BANK FAILURE AT INDIANAPOLIS.

SUSPENSION OF FLETCHER & SHARPE.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 29.—[Special.]—The following notice was posted this morning on the doors of the banking house of Fletcher & Sharpe. It was not posted, but upon the window was pasted the following notice:

In the Superior Court of Marion County, Indiana. In the matter of the assignment of Fletcher & Sharpe. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed assignee of Fletcher & Sharpe, and has entered upon the discharge of his duties as such assignee. All persons having claims against said assignors are hereby notified to present the same to me for allowance at my office in the city of Indianapolis, Ind., on or before the 15th day of August, 1896. All persons indebted to said assignors are hereby notified to make payment to me at my office. Dated this 29th day of July, 1896. [Signed] JOHN L. GRIFFITHS, Assignee.

The business of the firm was founded by Stoughton A. Fletcher, whose son, Stoughton A. Fletcher, jr., and daughter, Mrs. Evaline Fletcher Coffin, are heavy depositors in the bank. The latter is also a stockholder in the institution, having been given $50,000 of the original stock by her father. The other members of the firm have been in the office at an early hour to consult with their attorneys, but as soon as the determination to suspend was reached they no longer remained, having left in charge of the premises, it would be announced, only a watchman. It was said by the representatives of the firm that the assignment was caused by the stringency of the money market throughout the city. The firm has always been considered one of the strongest financially in the city, and the failure is the startling announcement that has caused the greatest excitement in financial circles here for many years. The firm has been in the banking business for the past thirty-five years, and has been one of the substantial concerns of the city. It has always been considered that its financial rating is unquestioned, and it is said that the assignment was caused by inability to realize sufficiently quickly on its assets to meet the demands of depositors. Fletcher & Sharpe's bank was established in 1861 by Stoughton A. Fletcher, who was then a young man, and who had been engaged in the banking business in this city for a number of years. He was a native of Indiana, and was born in Madison, Jefferson County, Ind., in 1824. He was a son of Calvin Fletcher, who was one of the pioneers of Indiana, and who was prominently identified with the early history of the State. He was also a brother of Governor Fletcher, who was elected Governor of Indiana in 1856, and who served during the war. Stoughton A. Fletcher was married to Miss Evaline Coffin, a daughter of Isaac Coffin, of Newport, Ind., in 1847. Mr. Fletcher was a prominent member of the Second Presbyterian Church, and was also identified with many charitable institutions of the city. He was a member of the Commercial Club, and was also a member of the Board of Trade. He was a man of the highest character, and was universally respected. He died on March 17, 1893, at the age of sixty-nine years. His son, Stoughton A. Fletcher, jr., was born in Indianapolis, and has always been identified with the business interests of the city. He was married to Miss Grace Julian, daughter of Hon. Judge Julian, of this city, and has one child. Mrs. Fletcher Coffin is the wife of Col. Thomas Coffin, of Newport, Ind., and has two children. Mr. Sharpe, the junior member of the firm, was born in Indianapolis.

A STRANGE PROCEEDING.

UNACCOUNTABLE ACTION OF A MISSOURI BANKING CONCERN.

MEXICO, Mo., July 29.—[Special.]—The most unusual action was developed in the assignment of Mr. Jesse B. Parks, of this city, formerly cashier of the Exchange Bank, to-day. Parks has been about two weeks out of the employ of the bank, and on the 15th inst. he left home about ten o'clock in the morning, and no one knew of his whereabouts for the afternoon. At the close of the business day he failed to return, and it was then discovered that he had collected nothing in Cleveland, Detroit and St. Louis. An examination of his books showed everything to be in good shape. Preparations were made to continue business, and Parks was telegraphed to at Chicago, during that forenoon, but could not be found. Mrs. Parks has been prostrated with grief ever since the news was received from Chicago and the flight of her husband. She claims to be innocent of any knowledge of the intentions of her husband to remain away from home for any length of time. Parks left home with $1,000 in his pocket, and has been heard from at Chicago, Detroit and St. Louis. He left home on the morning of the 15th inst. and was seen on the train by a number of persons. He was also seen in Chicago on the 16th inst. by a number of persons. He was also seen in Detroit on the 17th inst. by a number of persons. He was also seen in St. Louis on the 18th inst. by a number of persons. He was also seen in Chicago on the 19th inst. by a number of persons. He was also seen in Detroit on the 20th inst. by a number of persons. He was also seen in St. Louis on the 21st inst. by a number of persons. He was also seen in Chicago on the 22nd inst. by a number of persons. He was also seen in Detroit on the 23rd inst. by a number of persons. He was also seen in St. Louis on the 24th inst. by a number of persons. He was also seen in Chicago on the 25th inst. by a number of persons. He was also seen in Detroit on the 26th inst. by a number of persons. 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The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY EDITION.

SUNDAY EDITION.

POSTAGE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ADVERTISING.

Monday's Tribune.

Sunday's Tribune.

Weekly Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1884.

BLAINE AND LOGAN VISITED.

The attention of members of State and Logan Clubs is directed to THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE TRAVELING, which will be a worthy instrument in their hands to promote the cause that all have at interest.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE is furnished to clubs at hardly the cost of the white paper. Five copies will be sent to one address until after the election for $1, or larger orders at the same rate.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE will be all several of them and expressions for suspension of Blaine and Logan during this campaign. It will contain no doubtful or deserting scores. While it will expel every attack that the malignity of an enemy may accumulate to support Blaine and Logan, no legitimate temperate political controversy can arise, it will also provide the material for honorable and aggressive replies.

Political news of the day will be prominent with the widest fulness; there will be a variety of miscellaneous reading for the family circle; the ecological commercial and financial reports of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE will be prized as usual, and in all respects the high character of THE TRIBUNE as a newspaper will be maintained.

Address should be addressed to THE TRIBUNE Company, Chicago, Ill.

THE total value of the precious exports from the United States last week was $1,072,000.

THE report that Adolph Sutro has departed at Lyons, France, has been authoritatively denied.

In another page will be found a list of patents issued to Northwestern inventors during the week ending yesterday.

THE Hon. Lyon Playfair, ex-Deputy Speaker of the British House of Commons, will visit America in September.

SECRETARY FRELINGHUYSEN of JAMES will have an interview with Emperor William of Germany at Gastein Aug. 6.

JAMES S. ROGERS was nominated for Congress yesterday by the Democrats of the Sacramento (Illinois District to succeed Judge Hanlon.

THE Pope has determined to appoint Cardinal Lavigerie, Archbishop of Algiers, to be Sacramental Archbishop of the ancient See of Carthage.

JAMES ELLISON was elected Alderman of the Sixth Ward of Chicago yesterday without opposition. He succeeds his brother, who was killed some weeks ago.

GEN. GRANT was formally robbed yesterday of his contributor stories to the Proprietors of the Boston Republic. Parents and congregations applaud himself.

THE administrators of the civil terror of James are selling the Franchise law of the State at auction. In the Bolsom, also, widely and hour are being freely sold without much attempt at concealment.

BY the explosion of a boiler in Carter's sawmill at Harrodsburg, near Bloomington, Ind., Monday night, three men were instantly killed. Several others were seriously injured—one, it is feared, fatally.

GEN. ALEXIS GRIGORIEVICH PANAYEV, an educational reformer and leader of high repute, died at Baltimore yesterday, her 81st birthday. She leaves an estate valued at $1,000,000.

THE BOYLERS says that the scheme to nominate Hendricks in the Democratic Convention Friday failed because the Indiana delegates had their heads. Hendricks fully endorsed to be nominated.

IT is proposed by the Government of Holland to present a bill to the Dutch Parliament authorizing the regency on the Queen to case the King should die before their only child, Wilhelmina, attains of age.

THE Democrats of the Tribune-ravaged Illinois Senatorial District have nominated a. J. Hunter, a prominent Greenbacker, for Senator, and John Barney and D. Roberts of Troy Pass, and the fact of Jewett might communicate to an effect. The success of the Lords causes great indignation in England. The Pall Mall Gazette, one of the Liberal organs, says that in case of the defeat of the Lords "the Liberals should not consider their constitutional duties ended. The majority of the Lords, which is irresponsible with the Government of modern England."

THE Chicago Tribune reaches more solid readers, and gives more results, than any other newspaper in Indianapolis. Weekly in Times are light, and have now a fair circulation exclusively of about one town. An occasional ads. Sunday goes quite to some people, which is good typical, save in newspapers, cash and ads is good higher, and better to save trouble.

GEN. BUTLER arrived in Washington yesterday and had an interview with the Republicans. The colored gentleman is said to be intended to be extremely hostile. The despatches. His friends, however, assert, with great confidence, that he will accept the nomination of the Republicans and defy Democrats, and make the race for the Presidency. Rather save the democratic which have been published concerning the political attitude since the Democratic Convention are fabrications of imaginative reporters.

WILLIAM PITT FESSENDEN declined to remain on the New York Democratic ticket as Treasurer of the United States. He has forwarded his corresponding letter Chairman of the State Committee. Mr. Fessenden also added from the attitude of his place. Mr. Sullivan, however, he cannot complimentary regard Cleveland. Mr. Fessenden is one of the leading Democrats of the Empire State, a man of character and ability. His refusal to support Cleveland will cost that gentleman several thousand votes throughout New York State.

LORD CARNOCK, a Tory Peer, will move a petition in the House to the House of Lords tomorrow to call an informal session of Parliament to exercise the Franchise Bill in connection with a scheme for the redistribution of seats. This is a direct challenge to the Gladstone Government. Just as the petition is presented it will be promptly refused, and the Government will be defeated. The Opposition are hopeful. Again but a majority of 4,000 in 1880.

A MOB gathered in front of Jason Walker's house in Glasgow, Scotland, on suspicion of being a dynamiter. In mostly excited arrest, attempting to shoot and stab his captors. Papers of a suspicious character, a revolver, and a cartridge-belt were found on him.

PATRICK EGAN of the Irish Confederacy Executive Committee, has been arrested on a charge of falsifying positions in connection with the Cincinnati scandal case. Three military officers ordered to be the witness in the Cincinnati trial are against O'Brien of Federal Internal have absconded.

AT the Turkish soldiers ordered from one of the Egyptian garrison towns to Anatolia, to the Sudan, 120 deserted when the order was given. The other seventy deserted on getting at Cannon. The Egyptian army appears to be utterly demoralized, if not wholly in sympathy with the Mahdi.

THE State Republican Committee of Maine will meet at Augusta Friday next to map out a plan of campaign. It is reported that Governor only will be lost in November. Democratic the end of August, when Gen. Logan is expected to speak. The earlier the canvass will be vigorously pushed in the Pine Tree State.

ACCORDING to reports from the various counties of California the raisin crop will aggregate 150,000 tons of which, according to 75 per cent of the entire crop, and 600,000 tons of barley, or about 10 per cent of the crop. A large portion of the grain is lodged, and the harvesting will therefore be expensive.

THE presidential papers of the German Province of Westphalia allege that the Liberal candidates for the Reichstag, who are anti-protectionists, are being supported by British exploiters, who have caused him a consignment to check Germany's colonial and commercial progress. The Liberals deny the truth of the presidents' charges.

THE Chelsea epidemic is spreading alarmingly at Hamilton and Toronto, and is extending into the adjacent country. Monday eight there were thirty-five deaths in the former city and thirteen deaths in the latter, and seven deaths between 10 o'clock and 1 o'clock yesterday. The doctors, ladies, and Special Governments are exhorting the quarantine against French vessels.

ADVANCES are being made to bring about harmony between the Straightout Republicans and Republicans in Virginia. Senator Mahone seems to be willing to make concessions, but Dauenhart, the Straightout leader, professes to doubt his sincerity. It is not improbable, however, that both factions will unite in support of a Union Electoral ticket, in which case it is predicted the State can be carried for Blaine and Logan.

THERE is more trouble in the Lost Democratic camp. The local committee which had charge of the convention arrangements raised $25,000 to organize. All but two have paid out already, and these are greatly into receiving support. Some of the Democratic bondsmen and others are clamoring for their pay, and are making a unpleasant enough over Sergeant-at-Arms Bright of Indiana because he refuses to audit their bills.

A DISPATCH of October students stopping at the Hotel Continental, Paris, recently pulled down the German flag and burned them. The French Ambassador at Berlin has made apology for the affront, which would hardly have occurred by the French authorities; but the fear not satisfy the German journalists, who demand that the students be summarily punished, and Prince Bismarck has called the attention of the French Foreign Office to the affair.

IN the case of the Republic Life Insurance Company of Chicago Judge Tuley decided yesterday that the action of the stockholders at their meeting July 11, 1883, by which they sought to release themselves from the guaranty part of their liability, though not fraudulent, was not legal. He held that the vote against the stockholders—numbering about 2,000—were properly brought, and he referred the matter to a Master to ascertain the liability of each stockholder. There will be an appeal against the decision.

AT a meeting of the Carnarvon held at Lord Salisbury's house in London yesterday it was resolved with practical unanimity to reject the Gladstone Franchise Bill unless the Government made an explicit statement as to the character of the redistributing or redistributing measure which they are to introduce next session. Lord Salisbury said that in the Franchise Bill gave the Bill once it would be out of consideration. Lord Wemyss, a Scotch

A DEMOCRATIC VIEW.

The philosophical writer of the New York Sun, in his announcement of the Democratic candidates, has not a bad Democratic showing here a half-serious attitude may be written and not writing at all beyond the bare statement that Cleveland has been nominated, or said write on the statement is unnecessary. One sentence suggests the despair of New York Democrats as they looked through the newspapers:

> The Sun Democratically does:

> Will the Democratic vote understand Governor Cleveland, and how the governor will be supported by the Democracy of the United States? Governor Cleveland is not a living person to represent them, and hence they cannot vote for him. As Democrats, U. S., the politicians, when the news of Cleveland's nomination came, got together in the afternoon, had a spirit, and had a general lecture. That evening, however, the workingmen were together in large numbers, and after discussing the news decided that they would not vote for Cleveland and stated their reasons in a series of strong resolutions. The same thing has happened in other cities and towns in various parts of the country. The attitude of workingmen in Chicago is clearly enough shown by the interviews with prominent persons in the various societies and trades-unions which have been already printed in THE TRIBUNE, and which indicate that they are determined not to vote for Cleveland. The large majority of these men have considered and reasoned upon the matter, and they have made their decision to fall.

> In many cases they do not even take the trouble to state their grievances, but the answer is not a very general charge of want to open the surface. The Democratic Federal Corruption, in the first place, made the best account of spending that the workingmen would vote for any candidate whom it should nominate, regardless of the record. The leaders of the party seemed that they would vote solely on creed, and all that it was necessary to do was to put a few glittering generalities into their platform about the rights of man and the dignity of labor, and the workingmen would vote the ticket as they have done heretofore, regardless of the character of the candidates. They overlooked the great change which has taken place in the habits of workingmen, and their rapid advancement in intelligence and culture since they became organized into societies and unions. They forgot that workingmen are reading more than ever, that they are giving much time to education and discussion of political topics, of candidates, and of party measures, and that they are thinking for themselves, and beginning to act independently.

> They made another mistake in the nomination of Cleveland, whose local administration has been characterized by inability to exercise proper for the maintenance of the conditions of workingmen, and who, as a prominent corporation, has more than once exercised his sympathy, by word and deed, with contractors and wealthy corporations. They overlooked this in the face of the vote of the Democratic Legislature, of the Democratic Governor, of the Democratic Congressmen of the city of Chicago, and of the Democratic Mayor of Chicago. They ignored the fact that workingmen were looking to the Democratic Legislature to repeal the infamous conspiracy law, and to the Democratic Governor to sign the bill, and that they were disappointed in both. They overlooked the fact that workingmen were looking to the Democratic Mayor of Chicago to appoint a Board of Factory Inspectors, and that they were disappointed in this. They overlooked the fact that workingmen were looking to the Democratic Legislature to repeal the conspiracy law, to pass a law providing for the inspection of factories, and to appoint a Bureau of Labor Statistics, and that they were disappointed in all these things. They overlooked the fact that workingmen were looking to the Democratic Governor to sign the bill, to appoint a Board of Factory Inspectors, and to appoint a Bureau of Labor Statistics, and that they were disappointed in all these things

THE DAY ABROAD.

Gen. Diaz Formally Notified of His Election as President of Mexico.

Progress of the Cholera Scourge in France—Untership's Death-Bell.

The British Franchise Bill—Germany Protests Against the Lunch to Be Given in Paris.

FRANCE.

[SPECIAL CABLEGRAM.]

PARIS, July 13.—The important meeting of municipal functionaries and assistants to Carnot took place here to-day to consider the anti-cholera measures.

PREPARING FOR OPENING A WAR.

Gen. Diaz, Commander-in-chief of the Republic, demanded the last grant for the French military budget, and was loudly cheered on entering the hall. Three thousand persons were present.

THE CHOLERA.

A decree has been issued by the Financial Department ordering a more rigid enforcement of the Sunday laws. Inspectors are to visit all stores and factories and see that the law is complied with.

AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

SCHOONER, Mex., via GALVESTON, Tex., July 13.—[Special.]—Advices received here say that returns from different electoral districts in the State of Puebla have given Diaz sixty-one votes and Trevino eight. In Tamaulipas the vote was unanimous for Diaz.

THE CHOLERA AND SMALL-POX.

CITY OF MEXICO, via GALVESTON, Tex., July 13.—The Mexican College Bulletin to-morrow will contain a report of the sanitary condition of the country. It will show that the number of deaths from cholera since last week are 2,000, and from small-pox 1,000. The report will also show that over 20,000 of the inhabitants have fled to escape the cholera.

THE CHOLERA.

MADRID, July 13.—Two deaths from cholera occurred here last night. The disease is increasing in the country.

There were seven deaths from cholera yesterday between 12 m. and 7 p. m., among the victims was the Chief of Police.

ALEXANDRIA, July 13.—Reports have asked the Porte to authorize it to announce to Europe the cholera-infected districts and Turkey.

The Sanitation Council announces that vessels from Europe must have certified clean bills of health from the American Consul at the port from which they sail or they will not be allowed to enter American ports.

MADRID, July 13.—A two-weeks cholera quarantine has been established here against French vessels from the Mediterranean.

LISBON, July 13.—Vessels from infected ports are forbidden to land passengers or cargo at any port of Portugal.

OTHER EUROPEAN NEWS AND GOSSIP.

PARIS, July 13.—The report that the cholera has made its appearance at Lyons is denied.

ENGLISH NEWS.

The Senate passed the relief bill voted by the Chambers for the relief of cholera sufferers and for the suppression of the contagion.

BRITISH NEWS.

[SPECIAL CABLEGRAM.]

LONDON, July 13.—Prince Napoleon has written a letter to the Liberal association of Leeds saying he will leave to avoid the loss of the Paperstan bill. The bill does not include in Ireland the Lords and says: "If the suppression of the Paperstan bill is approved the Liberals will not abandon the cause until they overwhelm the party which is responsible for the overthrow of ancient England."

CONSERVATIVE CAUSE.

A conference of the Conservative Press and members of the House of Commons was held yesterday. Lord Salisbury vigorously denounced Parnell proposed action that the Lords pass the Paperstan bill.

Lord Salisbury said the Lords would certainly reconsider if they considered the Tenants' association. He urged the Lords to ignore all threats and finally refuse to permit the Paperstan bill to pass a second reading until the Government distinctly explains to and the plan for the subjunction of seats in the House of Commons. The fact of Irish might admit a reform proposal. Lord Ashbourne explained why he introduced a compromise on the bill.

The meeting by an almost unanimous vote, resolved to refuse to pass the Paperstan bill pending the Government's plans for a redistribution of the Parliamentary seats in subsection.

CRICKET.

The cricket match between the Derbyshire eleven and the Philadelphia club was resumed at Derby to-day. The Americans finished the second inning with a score of 151.

THE GLADSTONE CONFERENCE.

The English Government has offered Fitzmaurice the vice-princes of the Gladstone administration.

ELECTION.

The Hon. Lyon Playfair sets for Leeds South, 7.

ANTI-SEMITISM.

The most efficient to avoid the bankruptcy proceedings in the case of A.D. Sassoon.

ANTI-SEMITISM.

All interests in the great conspiracy.

THE RIOT IN BELFAST.

The Riot of Catholics, under members of the Conservative faction, will serve to the Board of Lords Thursday that the Irish protest on address to the Queen asking her to withdraw an autumn session of Parliament to consider the Parnell's question in connection with the resulting of commissioners of parliament in Dublin. The Government is not likely to accede to the request.

EGYPT.

COMMERCIAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

CAIRO, July 13.—The Anglo-Egyptian Bank to the Egyptian army at present more exactly to accept it. They refuse to cash the bank accounts. The servants who drain control overseas discount on bank notes.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS AT ATHENS.

The citizens of Zongola have telegraphed the Khedive to send troops to Suez, apprehending Turkish plan to seal the canal. A force of Arab, accompanied by an ambassador of the Khedive, has been sent to Zongola to take the true attitude of the Sultan.

CONSULAR SERVICE AT CAIRO CHANGED.

CAIRO, July 13.—The British Ambassador, with the prominent leaders and Arab, has gone to Suez on Saturday, a support on a tour of the Canal of Suez. The visit is viewed with suspicion by Egypt.

TURKISH AFFAIRS.

ARMENIAN AFFAIRS.

SALONICA, July 13.—Hassan Hafeez, a well-known Armenian, was arrested here yesterday. He made a desperate resistance, and attempted to shoot and stab his captors. At last a crowd gave a terrific fight of Armenian sympathizers and the police during the course of the struggle.

ARMENIAN AFFAIRS.

Religious riots in Constantinople, Smyrna, Erzeroum and Trebizond, occasioned by the Armenian agitation, are reported. Many persons have been killed.

THE SPANISH CONSPIRACY.

MADRID, July 13.—Gen. Ruiz Pineda, the envoy of the Spanish Government of the Rock from Gibraltersburg, concerned with the Carlist plot, has been arrested on the confession of Gibraltar prisoners. Many officers have confessed to the Carlist alliance with Ruiz.

THE SPANISH CONSPIRACY.

MADRID, July 13.—[By Cable.]—Gen. Ruiz Pineda, Governor of the Rock of Gibraltar, and Commandant Ruiz, engineer of the fortifications at the prison of the Alcalden academy who, with Alcazi and Senior Vergara, kept at the Rock communication in Carlo and other Jews, owing to the movement with which the Carlists had organized in Spain, the authorities have arrested the conspirators at Seville, Cadiz and Gibraltar. Ruiz confessed to the plot and implicated Alcazi and Vergara. He will probably be tried at Alcala.

The Carlists that part of the Spanish Rock right and left battalions participated in the Carlist conspiracy. Gen. Pineda, Governor of the Rock, and Commandant Ruiz, engineer of the fortifications, arrested on the Carlist charge. The garrison of Gibraltar is disaffected.

FRENCH NEWS.

PARIS, July 13.—[By Cable.]—Ministers Ferry and Goblet, Minister of War, and Admiral Jauréguiberry, attended the Carlist dinner the American flag.

CHARGES AGAINST CAPTAIN.

PARIS, July 13.—M. Rochefort and M. Roy Pain, the Chinese Minister, are discussing the case of the Admiral Courbet, who, it is alleged, has been guilty of cowardice before the enemy. The personal of the controversy contained in Pierre Legrand called the attention of the Cabinet.

CHOLERA.

A decree in Rome's quarrel concerning changes in the army.

The Presidential election at Nantes, Belgium, resulted in the choice of the Liberal.

The Congress of Geologists has arrived at London. He will have an interview with the Emperor Francis Joseph July 17.

During a hurricane in the Philippine Islands two Spanish merchant vessels were wrecked. Their officers and crews of the crew were lost.

The Czar has prepared a list containing the names of the Russian officials who are to be dismissed.

The Czar has asked the Swiss International Bureau to suppress the German publication in Berlin. The Swiss reply is unfavorable to the International measure.

It is announced that it is only intended that the French Troops in Madagascar will march on Antanarivo, but that they only mean to occupy points on the coast which are healthy.

The Russian minister to create a commercial entanglement or dialogue in charge of Count Ignatieff, on account of the illness of Count Ignatieff, has departed for Constantinople.

Count Kalnoky, Austrian Foreign minister, and Count Taaffe, Hungarian Premier, will meet at Ischl to-day.

The insurgent who tore down the French flag in the Place Concorde Sunday last, after being arrested, broke away from the police and has not been found.

Commissioner Gaspard of Marseilles urges the Government to take the necessary steps to prevent the landing of cholera-infected passengers at Marseilles. He will personally visit Toulon.

The Spanish Cortes will be convened to-day.

Prince Bismarck, Count Von Moltke and Herr Von Puttkamer will be present at the Emperor William's birthday celebration at Kissingen.

The Russian Government has instructed its Consul-General at Berlin to protest against the German Government's action in the matter of the Russian flag.

A MURDER MANIA.

A Young Englishman Stripped, Shot at a Wild Beast Show, and Then Cut Open—A Cowboy Experiences.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—[Special.]—A startling story comes from Wilmington, Del., of the murder of Charles Hall, a young Englishman, who was employed at the Diamond-state Iron-works. Hall, it appears, was a member of the Wilmington Athletic club, and on Saturday night, after a meeting of the club, he and a number of members went to a wild beast show. Hall, who was a powerful man, was induced by the proprietor of the show to enter the cage of a lion, which was then let loose. The animal sprang upon Hall, and, after a struggle, in which Hall succeeded in getting the lion's head in his mouth, the animal was killed by the keeper. Hall was then stripped and his body cut open. He died in a few minutes. The proprietor of the show claims that Hall was drunk and entered the cage without his consent. Hall's friends say that he was not drunk, and that he was induced to enter the cage by the proprietor. The latter denies this statement.

A COWBOY EXPERIENCE.

A dispatch from Cheyenne, Wyo., says that Thomas Hall, a cowboy, was shot and killed by Frank Canton, a deputy sheriff, on the Powder River range. Hall, it is said, was drunk and disorderly, and was resisting arrest when shot. Canton was arrested, but was released on bail.

DEATH OF A MISSIONARY.

A dispatch from Constantinople says that Rev. Dr. Hamlin, the well-known missionary, died at Bebek, near Constantinople, on Sunday. He was born in Maine in 1811, graduated at Bowdoin College in 1836, and at Andover Theological Seminary in 1839. He was ordained a missionary to Turkey in 1840, and went to Constantinople in 1860. He was the founder of Robert College, and was its President from 1863 to 1877. He was also the author of several books on religious subjects.

DEATH OF A CHICAGO MAN.

The death of Mr. Ogden Ogden, a prominent citizen of Chicago, occurred at Geneva, Switzerland, on Sunday last. Mr. Ogden was a son of the late William B. Ogden, and was born in Chicago in 1841. He was graduated from Yale College in 1862, and was a member of the Union League club of Chicago. He was married in 1865 to Miss Mary Talcott, daughter of Mr. Talcott, of Rochester, N. Y. Mr. Ogden was a member of the Chicago Historical Society, and was also interested in literature. He was the author of several books, among which were "Sonnets and Other Verses," published in 1875, and "Old Greek Folk Stories," published in 1882. He was also a contributor to various magazines and reviews. He was a man of scholarly tastes, and was highly esteemed by a large circle of friends.

DEATH OF A CHICAGO MAN.

The death occurred in this city on Sunday last of Mr. Charles Hutchinson, a well-known citizen of Chicago. Mr. Hutchinson was born in Cincinnati in 1814, and was therefore seventy-two years of age at the time of his death. He was a son of Mr. Orlando Hutchinson, who was one of the early settlers of Chicago, and who died in this city in 1870. Mr. Charles Hutchinson was married in 1838 to Miss Mary Ann Kinzie, daughter of Mr. John H. Kinzie, who was also one of the early settlers of Chicago. Mr. Hutchinson was a member of the Chicago Historical Society, and was also interested in literature. He was the author of several books, among which were "Sonnets and Other Verses," published in 1875, and "Old Greek Folk Stories," published in 1882. He was also a contributor to various magazines and reviews. He was a man of scholarly tastes, and was highly esteemed by a large circle of friends.

NEW YORK.

The Wife of a Publisher Arrested on a Charge of Stealing—A Ship Lost.

A Better Outlook for the Coal Trade—An Insurance Company Stops Business.

An Important Electric-Light Suit Decided—Oil and Grease Against Sugar—A Rich Charity.

TELEGRAPHIC WEEK BRIEFS.

NEW YORK, July 13.—[Special.]—Detectives Reuben and Dolan of Chief Byrnes's office, Jersey City police in Long Branch, N. J., arrested Lucy Cole, residing on a vessel moored to the ex-ferry slip, Jersey City, on a charge of forgery. The vessel, also the boat a number of husbands and ex-wives, claims to be the wife of Frederick Vandeburg, of the firm of Vandeburg Bros., druggists, of Long Beach, N. J., and Lucy Cole, Mrs. Vandeburg, was arrested in November, 1885, on a charge of S. A. Gough, the well-known manufacturer and philanthropist.

When quite a young girl she married a man named Cook. A few years after she was left a widow and married Nathaniel Hewitt, a wealthy resident of Tremont. He had the means to accumulate and have both of wives at Long Branch, several hotels, the Revere and the one referred to here, and a number of houses.

On May of last year, while practicing hypnotism with a few friends, she met Frederick Vandeburg, and soon after a Mrs. Vandeburg, of Grand Street Fulton Ferry, in which section Vandeburg's drug store is located, was arrested for the theft of bed-quilts valued at $75, and the trial of the case was set for the following morning before Justice Young of Brooklyn.

Soon after the arrest of Lucy she made application for by Detective W. Dolan. When she found that a warrant had been issued for her arrest she disappeared. She was found in Jersey City, and the prisoner sought counsel and was released on bail. She was then arrested on the charge of stealing $1,000 worth of jewelry from Vandeburg's store. She was released on bail, and

LOCAL POLITICAL NEWS.

Further Proofs of the Widespread Hostility of the Workingmen to Cleveland.

The Chicago "Independent Republican" are Not Yet Ready to Come to the Front.

Preparations for the Grand Welcome to Be Given to General Logan Next Week.

THE LABOR REVOLT.

One week of affairs under the chairmanship of Mr. Cleveland has not changed the situation in the labor world. The Republican Party has a vast number of friends among the workingmen, and the events of a week west of the Alleghenies may be left over until to-morrow. It will be remembered that the new party immediately put itself under the leadership of Mr. Cleveland, and that the Democratic Party has since been engaged in a struggle to get rid of the incubus. Workingmen have not changed their opinion of Mr. Cleveland's character as a monopolist, and his appointments unfortunately will not serve to alter that opinion. Neither will they alter the fact that Democratic rule in this city has been a failure in every department. Workmen do not like that sort of thing.

George W. Adams, Vice-President and member of the Executive Board of the International Union, whose face has become well known in Chicago as a leader and organizer in labor troubles, arrived in this city last night. He was met at the depot by a number of his friends, and was escorted to the Grand Pacific Hotel, where he will remain during his stay in this city. Mr. Adams, in company with Mr. Powderly, General Master Workman of the Knights of Labor, left this city for Cleveland on Monday last, and returned to Chicago yesterday morning. He was seen by a TRIBUNE reporter, and in response to a question as to the object of his visit to Cleveland, said that he had been called there by Mr. Powderly, who had received a telegram from Mr. Cleveland, requesting him to call at the Executive Mansion. He had done so, and had had a pleasant interview with the President. He had found Mr. Cleveland a very pleasant gentleman to meet, and had been treated with the greatest courtesy. He had not been asked to do anything, and had not done anything. He had simply called to pay his respects to the President, and had done so. He had not been asked to express his views on the labor question, and had not done so. He had not been asked to use his influence with the Knights of Labor in favor of the Democratic party, and had not done so. He had not been asked to use his influence with the Knights of Labor in favor of the Democratic party, and had not done so. He had not been asked to use his influence with the Knights of Labor in favor of the Democratic party, and had not done so.

Mr. Adams was asked if he had

THE TURF.

Spider Wins the Free-for-All, and Beats the Hudson Record.

Opening of the Fall Meeting at Beacon Park and Hamilton.

Baseball Patronage.

Baseball Notes.

Yachting.

Rowing.

Bicycling.

Shooting.

Pedestrianism.

Miscellaneous.

A DESPERADO.

A CONFLICT OF AUTHORITY.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

BITTEN BY A RATTLESNAKE.

A CRUTCH COMPLAINT.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

THE CRUSADE.

THE OIL-FIELDS.

AT WASHINGTON.

THE GREAT ROCKY MOUNTAIN SHOW

Summer Night Concerts.

Battle of Gettysburg.

FIZZ, BANG, BOOM!

SIEGE OF PARIS.

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

Dr. A. Pell, Exeter, is at the Sherman.

Grant Warren, London, Eng., is at the Sherman.

Harry F. Smith, Liverpool, Eng., is at the Palmer.

The wife and daughter of Senator-elect H. H. Piper, of Utah, are at the Pacific.

Judge Thomas Lowry, Minneapolis, and Judge D. P. Dyer, St. Louis, are at the Pacific.

Ex-Senator Windom, of Minnesota, took a flying visit to Chicago yesterday. He took his breakfast and dinner at the Pacific, but left early in the afternoon.

Gov. Hamilton registered at the Sherman yesterday on his way to the Stanford convention, where he is to second and advocate the name. He will remain here two or three days.

IN GENERAL.

The Council Committee on Finance and Warrants and Public Accounts will hold a joint meeting next Friday at 2 p. m. for the purpose of disposing of all papers in regard to the Lake Park property.

About fifty members of the National Cigar Manufacturers' Association met at the Tremont yesterday to talk over and adjust prices and arrange for the entertainment and banquet which is to be held at the Tremont to-morrow.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Hennin Bros.' optician (Tribune Building), was as follows: 7 a. m., 68° shade and 91° sun; 9 a. m., 72° and 97°; 11 a. m., 77° and 97°; 1 p. m., 77° and 97°; 3 p. m., 80° and 97°; 5 p. m., 77° and 97°; 7 p. m., 74° and 97°; 9 p. m., 72° and 97°; 11 p. m., 70° and 97°. Maximum, 77 in shade, 97 in sun. Minimum, 68 in shade, 91 in sun.

A boy 3 months old was found on the doorstep of No. 1240 Wabash avenue and taken to the Home for the Friendless. A few minutes will be put in work to restore the mare to consciousness after she have been in contact with the lightning. It is thought that the mare will survive the shock of the lightning, and if so will be worth considerable money to the gentleman.

J. A. Wells, the ticket-scalper, was arrested at Bunker Hill. He and a ticket from Chicago to Washington to U. V. Hughes for $5.75. The ticket was refused aboard the train, and Hughes brought it back to Wells, who gave him $6.25 for it. Hughes now holds Wells responsible for the difference.

Gene Lindberger, a kid of 13 living at No. 204 West Division street, was arraigned before Justice C. J. Weber charged with having attempted to commit murder. Thomas Geary, another kid, was struck in the eye with some marbles thrown by Lindberger, and the latter was arrested. Geary's eye was badly injured, and it is feared he will lose the sight of it. Lindberger was held to the Criminal Court in bonds of $300.

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In the Superior Court yesterday Henry Gerke and A. C. Davidson, doing business at No. 110 South Sangamon street, confessed judgment in favor of C. J. Hoag for $750, and soon after the judgment was entered that firm assigned their stock to secure the claim, to the extent of $5,000. The petition, which was filed by Attorney Hoag, recites that the assignment was made afterward to the detriment of the plaintiff, and that the assignment was also afterward acquired by the fourth.

The case of Frederick Daniel, Albert Schulz, and William Lang, who were charged with having in their possession a counterfeit $10 silver certificate, came up before Commissioner Warren Grubbs, U. S. Marshal Somerby for the defense, and Assistant District Attorney Bangs for the government. The defendants were held to the grand jury in the sum of $1,000 each. Kate Hughes, a prisoner in the Harrison street police station, was released on bail in the sum of $500 to-day. She was arrested on the charge of having opium in her possession, and will be tried by the United States Commissioner.

The hearing of evidence in the Fifth Ward election contest before Justice Scully was resumed yesterday. In opening Assistant Corporation Counsels Wilson and Bonner went on at the start for the prosecution. They swore that Mr. O'Brien did not go into the room containing the poll-book for the purpose of examining the signatures of electors, but merely for the purpose of getting the number of votes cast, and that he did not make any examination of such kind.

Constable Clark Dyer stated yesterday to a Tribune reporter that the letter in relation to the grand jury was sent wrong by the engineer in not furnishing a list of jurors at the proper time. He stated that a list was sent to Clerk Stephens as early as June 24, but that it was neither in nor by the clerks. When it was handed out and forthcoming a messenger was sent for another copy, which the court required be informed, and a new summons had to be issued. Mr. Dyer thinks the blame should be placed where it belongs.

James Whitley, of Stratford, Ont., began suit before Justice C. B. Weber to recover $10 from Tilney, the gubernator, which he claims he was swindled out of by false representations. While at home in Canada, Tilney is said to Whitley, he received a letter from O'Leary telling him of the winnings making that day, and asked him to come to Chicago with $10 to bet on O'Leary's instruments, and that he would receive a part of the winnings. Whitley came to Chicago, and, finding O'Leary's instruments had not won, refused to pay the $10. He will have a hearing July 25.

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The Advisory Board of the American Educational Association held its second meeting at the Grand Pacific yesterday afternoon. The object of the association, which now has 2,000 members, is to place registered and competent teachers in Christian homes and to assist parents in securing proper schools in all localities for the requirements of the growing State to which they move. Circulars will be sent from Chicago headquarters to all parts of the country, and the association will be ready to begin business by the first of September. Those present at the meeting yesterday were Rev. Dr. Gunsaulus, Rev. Dr. Goodell, Rev. Dr. Bristol, Rev. Dr. Kent, Rev. Dr. Barrows, Rev. Dr. Patton, Rev. Dr. Hall, Rev. Dr. Fowler, Rev. Dr. Haven, Rev. Dr. Hatfield, Rev. Dr. Thwing, Rev. Dr. Bayne

NORTHWEST NEWS.

The Disastrous Outbreak of the Fort-wo Detective-Lightning's Work at Chico.

Wrecks of an Iowa Bee by Burglars—The Prohibitory Law in Its Return.

Local Gas Discovery Near Wabash, Ind.—Fight Imminent at the Michigan Forest.

THE STRIKERS ASSAULTED.

THE REPUBLIC LOST.

LAKE MARINE.

The Council for Both Carriers Yesterday Was Equal to the Night.

THE WORLD'S EXPOSITION.

THE COURTS.

THE SECOND.

THE HALLET & DAVIS PIANO.

W. W. KIMBALL CO.

NORWOOD COLLEGE

SWARTHMORE COLLEGE

CHARLIER INSTITUTE, N. Y. CITY.

OGONTZ

Monticello Ladies' Seminary.

Illinois Industrial University.

MORGAN PARK MILITARY ACADEMY.

MITCHELL'S BOYS' SCHOOL.

Peekskill (N. Y.) Military Academy.

Southern Home School for Girls.

PILES

Colbron, Chauncey & Co.,

(Late Fay, Post & Colbron.)

STOCK BROKERS,

Grain and Provisions.

123 La Salle Street, Chicago.
17 New-st., New York.
321 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

Prompt Service—Counted by DIRECT Wire.

Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Chicago Board of Trade

MUSGRAVE & CO.,

BANKERS,

No. 59 Pine-st, New York.

Transact a general Banking Business, including the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS and BONDS for cash or on Margin. Interest allowed on deposits subject to check at sight.

Members New York Stock Exchange

BUSINESS.

The Stock Market Strong in Spite of Reported Failures.

The Produce Markets Quiet—Provisions Weaker Except Pork.

Bradstreet's Praises, with a Large Increase in Banks at Principal Ports.

MONETARY.

Closings at the principal cities of the United States yesterday and a week ago were:

New York		
Boston		
Philadelphia		
Chicago		
St. Louis		
New Orleans		

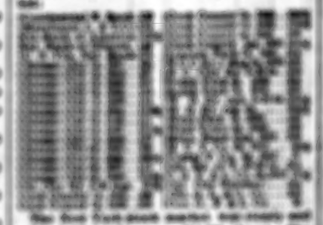
New York exchange was quoted as follows yesterday:

Chicago, 75c premium.
Boston, 50@75c discount.
Cincinnati, 150@200c premium.
New Orleans, 50@75c premium.

The movement of merchandise has been much accelerated, and as this disappointment a movement to prevent the bank statement to-day to-morrow to-day there would be an improvement in financial affairs. It was thought that we would get the true period of harvest in September next, and that there would be somewhat less disturbance in the markets, but every day at this point important events grow more. Those at the southwest, however, keep the stock well, and that affords comfort to many observers. Yesterday's exports of bullion exceed an exception. They amount to be regarded as a matter of course. It is evident, therefore, that the panic will not end, and that the action will be to a great to be fairly shaken as by nothing. The latest report of bank clearings is very satisfactory, and their amounts are gaining rather. The present week is not to be lost by the active group of the money makers. Some additional light, and there is a good reason for all the active the bankers are to look. Eastern exchange was to-day better again; currency was at that time offered was quoted at 75c premium per $1,000. Foreign bills were easily and unchanged.

Failures in investment securities required a fair trade, though the tendency was to small lots. The sales at the Chicago Stock Exchange were $1,000 City Railroad 6's at 95, $1,000 West Division Railway coupons 6's at 101, $1,000 Lincoln Horse-Railway 6's (short) at 95, $1,000 South Side Railroad 7's at 101, and $1,000 Second Presidents 6's at 97.

The following were the trading prices at the Stock Exchange to-day. Where a dagger (†) indicates that the price was asked without a bid.



The New York stock market was steady and strong. The sales were 214,000 shares. The report of a bank failure in Commercial-st. had the effect of another collapse in the New York dry-goods trade had some effect on prices, and it is also said that dry-goods had been operations not to-day. The gold in St. Paul, of which Jay Gould and D. H. Burpee are thought to be the leaders, shares stock confidence and added higher prices for today. Coal stocks also the leaders have brought freely for some days past. Shippers of this region who have generally been short here on this stock have come back to the movement. The New York Central was simultaneously active and buoyant a good deal. There were purchases under the lead of the shares the upward price. The Pennsylvania leaders were somewhat dull. They have been more than. The report is to the effect that Pennsylvania has made a large loan, but the proceeds are to what he is going to do with it was useless. The Stock Exchange Bulletin, West Shore bonds, and the stock were not very prominent. The Pennsylvania people are said to have been behind the movement in Pacific stocks on the West Shore deal. They may find Keene is going to Europe the latter part of this month. The most active stocks to-day were English capitalists interested in Gould that ought to bring him to this country. It is said that he got $10,000 for the Wabash-Texas Pacific deal. The Northern Pacific preferred was the strongest of the list. The Lackawanna people are said to be buying Delaware, Lackawanna & Western stock. The Michigan Central

THE MULLIGAN LETTERS.

Exhaustive Review of the Charges Against Mr. Blaine's Integrity.

Legislative History of the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railroad—The Belden Annuities.

Plain Interpretation of the Documents in the Case—Science of the Attack upon Blaine.

[Albany Evening Journal.] We invite Republicans and Democrats, old and young, who doubt the personal integrity of James G. Blaine to accompany us in what we shall strive to make an impartial examination of the charges which is most frequently made against him, to-gether with the answer of the Speaker of the National House of Repre-sentatives, and the official papers to further explain and corroborate the latter. The subject possesses a series of events, and is founded upon the most celebrated "Mulligan letters." Speculation, these letters are said to show:

[illegible]

1. That Mr. Blaine used his power as Speaker to promote the interests of the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railroad, and that he did this with the intent of obtaining his own pecuniary ad-vantage.

2. That he was subsequently rewarded for this alleged service by certain stockholders of said road with the sum of $64,000 in bonds, and that he attempted by arrangement to obtain this service to the Government as cover for the favorable terms.

3. That he attempted to secure a further fa-vor to the road by improperly taking action that he had favorable relations with and to which he was unable to have made in the interests of that corporation.

4. That the letters herein produced confirm some of the charges that Mr. Blaine received from the Union Pacific Company, amounting to forty-three hundred dollars, and that he received from the Little Rock road an even fifth of the $64,000 bonds which was alleged to have been received by Fisher, Warren & Co., Foreign to this record here proposed, but the same has been and cannot be considered in this connection.

Subject to a more searching study, the proposi-tion of our inquiry is to ascertain how much confidence is to be given to certain evi-dence in the person of Mr. Blaine to which he is obliged to turn with frequent confirmation to the point of pre-sent importance, namely, to the extent given. What does he mean by saying, "I did not" and "that I should receive a commission of 5 per cent upon the subscription of 5 cent subscription to it, I was the manager of the road, I have it on the record"? What purpose had he in calling to his aid the testimony of Fisher, Warren & Co., and that of Mr. Boutwell, who was not a witness before the committee?

THE LITTLE ROCK ROAD.

The Little Rock & Fort Smith Railroad was chartered by the State of Arkansas in 1871. It was granted from Congress a grant of land to aid in the construction of the road.

[illegible]

In the spring of 1872 the road was completed to Fort Smith, and the grant began to be earned. Under the law of the State the bonds were issued to the road in sums of $16,000 per mile, and the Governor was required to indorse the bonds. The road was completed to Fort Smith in the spring of 1872, and the bonds were issued to the amount of $64,000 per mile. Under the law of the State the bonds were issued to the road in sums of $16,000 per mile, and the Governor was required to indorse the bonds. The road was completed to Fort Smith in the spring of 1872, and the bonds were issued to the amount of $64,000 per mile.

[illegible]

THE BELDEN ANNUITIES.

The following statement of Mr. Blaine, as given by professor Belden, the author of the pamphlet, is of great importance, as it is the only authoritative statement of those charges which is made in relation to the annuities. Mr. Blaine's statement is as follows:

[illegible]

THE LITTLE ROCK ROAD.

Concerning the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railroad, I believe the facts to be as follows: The road was chartered by the State of Arkansas in 1871. It was granted from Congress a grant of land to aid in the construction of the road. The road was completed to Fort Smith in the spring of 1872, and the bonds were issued to the amount of $64,000 per mile. Under the law of the State the bonds were issued to the road in sums of $16,000 per mile, and the Governor was required to indorse the bonds. The road was completed to Fort Smith in the spring of 1872, and the bonds were issued to the amount of $64,000 per mile.

[illegible]

THE BELDEN ANNUITIES.

Concerning the annuities mentioned in the statement of Mr. Belden, I believe the facts to be as follows: The road was chartered by the State of Arkansas in 1871. It was granted from Congress a grant of land to aid in the construction of the road. The road was completed to Fort Smith in the spring of 1872, and the bonds were issued to the amount of $64,000 per mile. Under the law of the State the bonds were issued to the road in sums of $16,000 per mile, and the Governor was required to indorse the bonds. The road was completed to Fort Smith in the spring of 1872, and the bonds were issued to the amount of $64,000 per mile.

[illegible]

INDEFATIGABILITY marks the women of our households when they undertake to make their homes bright and cheery. Nothing deters them. Their weary work may be as long as the word which begins this paragraph, but they prove their regard for decent homes by their indefatigability. What a pity that any of them should add to their toil by neglecting to use Sapolio. It reduces the labor of cleaning and scouring at least one-half. 10c. a cake. Sold by all grocers.

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Opium, Morphine, and Whisky Habits

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